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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/484,140	01/18/2000	Jim Beck III	00EC004/77529	9326
24628 7590 04/12/2007 WELSH & KATZ, LTD 120 S RIVERSIDE PLAZA			EXAMINER	
			OPSASNICK, MICHAEL N	
22ND FLOOR CHICAGO, IL	60606		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
011101100,120			2626	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
2 MONTUS		04/12/2007	DADED .	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/484,140	BECK, JIM				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Michael N. Opsasnick	2626				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 /	March 2007.	•				
	s action is non-final.					
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1,2,4-8 and 10-32 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 13-15 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,2,4-8,10-12 and 16-32 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	ction is required if the drawing(s) is obj	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in the control of the control o	on No ed in this National Stage				
		•				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.						
Notice of Draitsperson's Patent Drawing Neview (P10-946) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		atent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Allowable Subject Matter

1. Claims13-15 are allowed over the prior art of record. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: As per claims 13-15, the particular structure pertaining to certain greetings, in conjunction with language determination corresponding to that particular greeting, is not explicitly taught by the prior art of record.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1,2,4-8,10-12,16-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kelly (5999965) in view of Lennig et al (5479488) in further view of Sabourin et al (6912499) in view of Polcyn (6614885) in further view of Eisdorfer et al (5475733).

As per claims 1,7,13,14,19,20,25, <u>Kelly (5999965)</u> teaches an ACD (col. 3 lines 40-50) detecting and routing calls (col. 12 lines 25-55), with optional voice input (col. 5 lines 58-62). Kelly also teaches call distribution based on the language of the call (col. 12 lines 50-55). <u>Kelly</u>

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(5999965) does not go into the specifics of the call routing based on language. Lennig et al (5479488) teaches a call distributor comprising detecting a call (col. 4 line 13 – col. 5 line 14), sampling an audio greeting of the call (col. 6 lines 19-43), using lexemes based on language, location, and business name based upon the input from the user after prompting (col. 5 lines 53-61 → the user's first response can be considered to be the 'initial', or first response of the user), and fitting a plurality of audio templates to the sampled greeting of the call (as comparing and calculating probabilities in the comparison process -- figs 3a,3b; col. 6 lines 35-42, col. 8 line 10 - col. 10 line 35). Lennig et al (5479488) teaches language determination during the call processing (col. 6 lines 1-18, Fig. 3a, subblocks 302-308). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of call processing to modify the teachings of Kelly (5999965) with audio call sampling because it would advantageously note call features that could be added to the caller's profile (Lennig, figs 3, col. 8 line 10 – col. 10 line 35). The combination of Kelly (5999965) in view of Lennig et al (5479488) teaches using the user input which does not preclude the response to be an "unprompted initial greeting", (Lennig et al (5479488) does not come out forthright and label the type of input as 'an initial greeting), however, Sabourin et al (6912499) teaches the use of multilingual speech models (Sabourin et al (6912499), col. 2 lines 30-50), in order to remove the step of prompting the user to input the language of choice (Sabourin et al (6912499), col. 1 lines 55-65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of speech processing at the time the invention was made to modify the combination of Kelly (5999965) in view of Lennig et al (5479488) to incorporate the multilingual word models of Sabourin et al (6912499) because it would advantageously provide for multilingual recognition without having to query the user as to what

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language is desired (col. 1 lines 55-65) as well as leading to a less complicated speech modeling (Col. 2 lines 38-48). The combination of Kelly (5999965) in view of Lennig et al (5479488) in further view of Sabourin et al (6912499) does not explicitly teach call routing for an outdialed call, however, Frey et al (6535596) teaches call routing based on the desired language (col. 12 lines 10-18), wherein the type of language is based upon the called party's preference (i.e., an outdialed/outbound call – col. 12 lines 17-19). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of call processing to modify the combination of Kelly (5999965) in view of Lennig et al (5479488) in further view of Sabourin et al (6912499) with language based outdialed distribution because it would advantageously accommodate the preferences of the called party (Frey, col. 12 lines 17-20; which would be beneficial in a telemarketing type of call). The combination of Kelly (5999965) in view of Lennig et al (5479488) in further view of Sabourin et al (6912499) in further view of Frey et al (6535596) teaches customer based language selection (Lennig et al (5479488)), and not based upon speech recognition. However, Polcyn (6614885) teaches a language selection technique based upon recognized input speech (abstract, col. 4 lines 14-30), as well as comparing the utterance with prestored language utterances (col. 7 lines 11-20). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of language selection to modify the teachings of combination of Kelly (5999965) in view of Lennig et al (5479488) in further view of Frey et al (6535596) with automated speech recognized based language selection because it would advantageously provide the system with more potential matches so that it could perform proper recognition, especially in multilingual situations (Polcyn (6614885), col. 7 lines 22-37).

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The combination of Kelly (5999965) in view of Lennig et al (5479488) in further view of Sabourin et al (6912499) in further view of Frey et al (6535596) in view of Polcyn (6614885) teaches an ACD performing automatic language recognition and routing the call based on language, but does not explicitly teach routing the call to an agent based upon the language of the call, however, Eisdorfer et al (5475733) teaches identifying the language of the user and routing to the call agent associated with that language (Fig. 2, col. 2 lines 20-30). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of call routing to adapt the combination of Kelly (5999965) in view of Lennig et al (5479488) in further view of Sabourin et al (6912499) in further view of Frey et al (6535596) in view of Polcyn (6614885)) with language based call routing to an agent because it would adapt their system for multilingual support, as well as efficiently using communication assistant resources (Eisdorfer, col. 2 lines 4-12).

As per claims 2,6,8,12,26,27 <u>Polcyn (6614885)</u> teaches the use of multiple language databases based upon geographic location (col. 7 lines 25-40).

As per claims 4,10, <u>Lennig et al (5479488)</u> teaches operator agent selection (fig. 3b, subblocks 322-324).

As per claims 5,11, <u>Lennig et al (5479488)</u> teaches default branching to the operator when language and recognition is not clarified (fig. 3b, subblocks 322,324).

As per claims 21,28 <u>Lennig et al</u> teaches recognizing the user as a repeat customer and accessing information about the repeat user (col. 4 lines 47-49, wherein the stored information about a customer implies a repeat user, ani – col. 5 lines 10-14,and the language (col. 5 lines 5-10)). (Kelly also teaches routing based ani -- col. 3 lines 45-50).

As per claims 16, 22, <u>Lennig et al</u> teaches storing an associated name of the user (col. 4 lines 45-50, referring back to col. 3 lines 49-53).

As per claims 17,23,31,32 <u>Lennig et al</u> teaches marketing information with the customer (col. 4 lines 56-60 -- lennig teaches billing data, which monitors usage and sales numbers -- which is component of marketing data).

As per claims 18,24,29,30 <u>Lennig et al</u> teaches determining based on localities (col. 10 line 63 – col. 11 line 4).

As per claims 29 and 30, <u>Kelly (5999965)</u> teaches name and geographic locations information (col. 3 lines 50-65).

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 3/30/06 have been fully considered are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection. Examiner notes the introduction of the Polcyn (6614885) to teach

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multilanguage databases to interpret the caller's utterances. Examiner also notes the Fung et al (6069939) reference dealing with geographic location and the associated user's language.

Conclusion

- 5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Please see related art listed on the PTO-892 form.
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Opsasnick, telephone number (571)272-7623, who is available Tuesday-Thursday, 9am-4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Richemond Dorvil, can be reached at (571)272-7602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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primary examiner

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